

ENVIRONMENTAL BULLETIN OF RODOS "DIAGORAS" AIRPORT (RHO)

Reference year 2021

Fraport Regional Airports of Greece B S.A.

Isue year: 2022



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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Location

Rodos "Diagoras" Airport is located on the island complex of the Dodecanese, on the north-west part of Rhodes island.

1.2. Administration

The airport administratively belongs to the Municipal Unit (MU) of Petaloudes of the Municipality of Rhodes of the Region of South Aegean, at a distance of approximately 14km to the south-west of the town of Rhodes. The airport is extended to two Local Communities (LC) of the MU of Petaloudes: LC Kremasti and LC Paradeisio.

1.3. Environmental licensing

Approved Environmental Terms				
E.T. Decision Reference number	32648/04.11.1994			
E.T. Amendment Decision Reference Number	100425/ 17.01.2006			
	23983/11.05.2016			
	37974/07.12.2017			
	6304/20.03.2018			
	72087/2629/09.01.2019			

1.4. Airport Basic Data

Airport name IATA / ICAO	RHO / LGRP
Airport location – Airport Reference Point (ARP)	Latitude: 36° 24' 19" N Longitude: 28° 05' 10" E
Altitude	5,73 m
Number of runways	1
Operation hours (summer &winter)	00:01-24:00

Runways	L	Length/Width		Code	
Runway		3,305 x 45.0 07/25		7/25	
Full length of parallel taxiway		A: 1,000m, F: 1,700m			
Number of taxiways		4 (B,C,D,E)			
	A	В	С	D	E
Apron capacity	-	-	13	-	2 (MARS)
Employees		High season (31.08.2021)		Low season (30.11.2021)	
Fraport Greece (FG) employees		56		49	
Employees of other companies	oyees of other companies 1.479		1.229		



Terminal	
 Total area (m²) 	49.478
Other buildings and service/storage areas	
> RFF Station (m ²)	1.470
Parking Areas	
Car parking spaces	286
Bus parking spaces	49
Taxi parking spaces	25

1.5. Airport facilities

1.5.1. Fuel Handlers

Number of fuel handler companies			
Number of fuel handler companies operating at the Airport	2		
Installations inside the airport	EKO	GISSCO	HAFCO
Environmental Management System (EMS)	YES	YES	Not operating at the airport

1.5.2. Ground Handlers

Number of ground handler companies	
Number of ground handler companies operating at the Airport	3
Number of ground handler companies operating at the Airport	3

Installations inside the airport	SKYSERV	SWISSPORT	GOLDAIR
Environmental Management System (EMS)	NAI	NAI	NAI



2. TRAFFIC DATA STATISTICS

2.1. Annual Traffic Data

Annual Traffic Data for the year 2021	
Overall Annual Air Traffic Movements ¹	28.817
Percent of increase or decrease in relation to the previous year	94,7 %
Annual passenger traffic	3.366.614
Percent of increase or decrease in relation to the previous year	117%
Annual cargo transferred (tn)	302
Percent of increase or decrease in relation to the previous year	-19,9 %

Aircraft types

Prevailing aircraft types for domestic flights				
Aircraft type	No. of flights			
A320	1.902			
AT45	1.630			
A20N	1.420			
DH8A	566			
A32A	440			
A321	249			
DH8D	212			
B73H	159			
A319	62			
A21N	46			
Other	425			
Prevailing aircraft types for international flights				
Aircraft type	No. of flights			
В73Н	6.439			
A320	4.295			
B738	2.791			
A321	1.027			
A319	880			
7M8	843			
A32A	808			
A32B	533			
A20N	466			
A21N	366			
Other	3.258			

¹ Military and training flights not included.



2.2. High season traffic data

High season traffic data (June-September)	
Highest traffic month	August
Air traffic movements during the month with highest traffic	6.385
Air traffic movements daily average number during the month with highest traffic	206

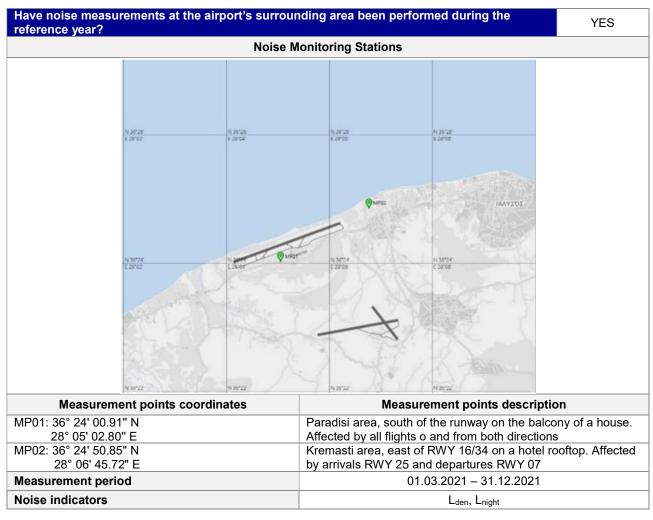
2.3. Low season traffic data

Low season traffic data (October-May)	
Lowest traffic month	February
Air traffic movements during the month with lowest traffic	306
Air traffic movements daily average number during the month with lowest traffic	11



3. AIRCRAFT NOISE

3.1. Noise measurements during the reference year



Summary of measurement results:

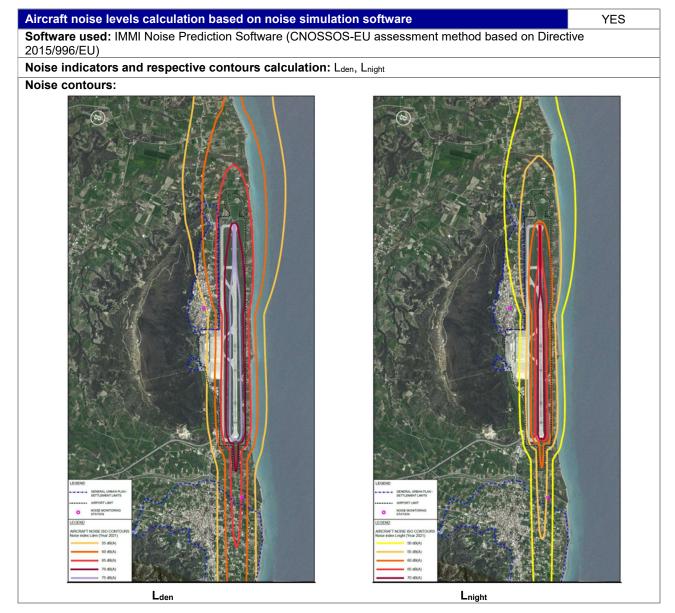
Noise levels are monitored according to the airport's monitoring program.

No exceedance of the noise indicators levels Lden =70 dB(A) and Lnight=60 dB(A) was observed.

MP01: L_{den}=58,2 dB(A) & L_{night}=49,0 dB(A) MP02: L_{den}=61,3 dB(A) & L_{night}=51,0 dB(A)



3.2. Noise levels calculation based on noise simulation software



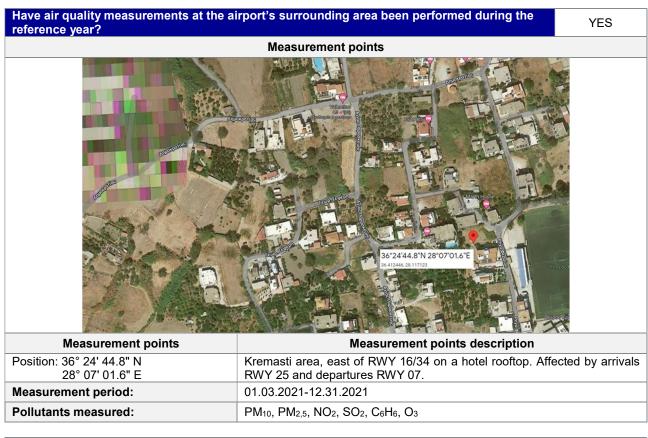
Summary of results:

For the year 2021 no population or any residential buildings inside official settlement boundaries, in the vicinity of the airport, are exposed to noise levels higher than the limit $L_{night}=60 \text{ dB}(A)$ and $L_{den}=70 \text{ dB}(A)$.



4. AIR QUALITY

4.1. Air quality measurements during the reference year



Summary of measurement results:

Air quality is monitored according to the airport's monitoring program. No exceedance of the air quality limits was observed.



4.2. Air pollutants emission and dispersion modelling

Calculation software	of air pollutants concentrations based on an emission and dispersion modelling	NO*
Software us	ed: N/A	
Pollutants c	oncentrations and respective contours calculation: N/A	
PM 10	N/A	
NOx	N/A	
SOx	N/A	
Benzene (C ₆ H ₆)	N/A	

Summary of results:

*Fraport Greece, during the years 2018-2019, has implemented a noise & air pollution monitoring program, according to the Approved Environmental Terms of the airport. The monitoring program included the implementation of special simulation tools in combination with confirmation measurements, of air pollution and noise, in representative positions around the airport.

At the end of the two year period of the program in April 2020, in implementation of the Environmental Terms, a Technical Evaluation Report was submitted to the Directorate for Climate Change and Air Pollution of the Ministry for Environment & Energy, with proposals for the most suitable in terms of effectiveness, air pollution & noise monitoring program for the years ahead (ref. number 39833/833/29.4.2020).

According to the program, which is also an appendix in approved Environmental Impact Study, in 2021 the air pollution simulation was not foreseen.



5. ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION

A phone base station is installed inside Rodos "Diagoras" Airport. As part of relevant controls, measurements were carried out on 22.11.2021, at 9 selective measurements points.

Measurement Point	Electric Strength E Power Density I	Power Density P
	(V/m)	(W/m²)
1	2,2456861	0,0133773
2	2,3000572	0,0140329
3	1,5221158	0,0061456
4	1,2070940	0,0038650
5	0,7856075	0,0016371
6	1,6465026	0,0071911
7	1,8533712	0,0091116
8	1,8139158	0,0087278
9	1,4080360	0,0052589

Σημειώσεις:

At this measurement campaign, no exceedances were found. The defined limits of exposure to electromagnetic radiation, are respected, as they are determined by the relevant legislation.



6. WASTE MANAGEMENT

Waste	Collection	Management/Disposal
Recyclables	Separate collection by licensed	Disposal at material recovery facility
(paper, plastic, metals, glass)	private company.	for recycling
Residues (Mixed Waste) and Bulky	Collection by licensed private	Disposal in the municipal sanitary
Waste	company.	landfill of Northern Rodos

Notes:

- 1. Regarding the different categories of the MSW (recyclables, mixed waste, bulky waste), the Airport Users handle their waste together with Fraport Greece B (central management).
- Regarding the "alternative management' waste categories" (Waste lubricant oil WLO, WEEE, etc.):
 i. Waste Lubricant Oil (WLO): Collection and management by authorized collector "CYTOP S.A."
 - ii. Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment (WEEE): Collection and management by alternative management system "Appliances Recycling S.A."
 - iii. Accumulators: Collection and management by alternative management system "Re-Battery S.A."
 - iv. Small batteries: Collection and management by alternative management system "AFIS S.A."
 - v. Used tires: Collection and management by alternative management system "ECOELASTIKA S.A."
- 3. The total quantities of the hazardous waste further to the above-mentioned and produced at the airport, are managed by licensed private companies which have a contract with Fraport Greece B, according to the provisions of the legislation in force.
- 4. The total quantities of the produced waste by category resulting from all activities of the airport, the collectors and final recipients, are recorded by Fraport Greece B and submitted in the Electronic Waste Registry of the Ministry for Environment and Energy via the Annual Waste Producer Report according to the provisions of the legislation in force.



7. ECOSYSTEM AROUND THE AIRORT

7.1. Flora-Fauna

Flora	
Are there protected zones of vegetation/habitats in the broader airport area?	NO
(if YES) Short description:	
Fauna	
Are there protected species of fauna/birds in the broader airport area?	YES
<i>(if YES)</i> Short description: The protected bird species that have been observed at Rodos airport since April 2017 are presented below:	
Black-crowned night heron (Nycticorax nycticorax), Collared pratincole (Glareola pratincola), Cretzschmar's bunting (Emberiza caesia), Eurasian curlew (Numenius arquata), Eurasian stone-curlew (Burhinus oedicnemus), Eurasian skylark (Alauda arvensis), European kingfisher (Alcedo atthis), European roller (Coracias garrulous), European turtle-dove (Streptopelia turtur), Garganey (Anas querquedula), Glossy ibis (Plegadis falcinellus), Isabelline wheatear (Oenanthe isabellina), Lapwing (Vanellus vanellus), Lesser grey shrike (Lanius minor), Lesser kestrel (Falco naumanni), Long-legged buzzard (Buteo rufinus), Marsh harrier (Circus aeruginosus), Masked shrike (Lanius nubicus),Mediterranean gull (Larus melanocephalus), Montagu's harrier (Circus pygargus), Pallid harrier (Circus macrourus), Purple heron (Ardea purpurea), Red-footed falcon (Falco vespertinus), Short-eared owl (Asio flammeus), Short-toed snake eagle (Circaetus gallicus), Spur-winged lapwing (Vanellis spinosus), White stork (Ciconia ciconia)	

7.2. Ecologically fragile areas

The nearest area is the Wildlife Sanctuary "Kremasti (Paradeisiou)" with code K700 that is adjacent to the airport. The nearest area of the Natura 2000 network is SAC "Rhodes: Profitis Ilias – Epta Piges – Petaloudes – Remata" (GR4210006), located at a distance of approximately 7km from the airport.



8. WILDLIFE HAZARD MANAGEMENT

Wildlife strikes and wildlife hazard management measures		
Wildlife species that suffered a strike	Strikes (%)	
Barn swallow (Hirundo rustica)	41%	
Yellow-legged gull (Larus michahellis)	15%	
Common kestrel (Falco tunninculus)	11%	
Hooded crow (Corvus cornix)	7%	
Eurasian stone-curlew (Burhinus oedicnemus)	7%	
Small passerines (Passeriformes spp.)	7%	
Collared dove (Streptopelia decaocto)	4%	
Crested lark (Galerida cristata)	4%	
House sparrow (<i>Passer domesticus</i>)	4%	
Pigeon (<i>Columba livia</i>)	4%	
Wildlife strike risk mitigation measures:	1	

- Inspections of the manoeuvring area for wildlife monitoring and control at regular intervals
- Drainage ditches are regularly monitored and when necessary cleaned, to ensure efficient water run-off and, thus, reducing the attractiveness of the airside to the wildlife
- Regular grass cutting at the airside. Rodos airport is equipped with tractor
- Fence maintenance
- Systematic monitoring of bird species populations and their habitat on and off-airport (at a distance of 13km from the airport)
- Holding of the wildlife strike committee meeting, to raise awareness across the airport users and local authorities about the risk of the wildlife strikes on aircraft and the measures applied to mitigate such a risk

Reference year summary results:

Hellenic Civil Aviation Authority (Safety and occurrence management division) receives annual reports referring to the risk assessment of the wildlife hazard as well as to the wildlife hazard management at the 12 regional airports operating by Fraport Greece. Aktion Airport and Chania Airport "Ioannis Daskalogiannis" are excluded, in accordance with the Concession Agreement, Annex 20, paragraph 6.3.3 & 6.3.4.



9. CULTURAL HERITAGE

Have new cultural heritage properties been discovered during the reporting period?				NO
(if YES) Details provided in the table below:				
Location Date of discovery Type of discovery Additional protection measures				

Location	Date of discovery	i ype of discovery	taken



10. RESOURCES CONSUMPTION

10.1. Energy consumption

Energy consumption (monthly electric energy consumption, in Kwh)	
Total annual electric energy consumption (in Kwh)	9.020.900

10.2. Fuel consumption

Fuel consumption		
Number of FG vehicles at the airport 15		
Number of firefighting vehicles at the airport	4	
Total annual fuel concumption	Diesel (It) 21.856,09	
Total annual fuel consumption	Unleaded gasoline (lt) 647,85	

10.3. Heating oil or natural gas consumption

Heating oil or natural gas consumption	
Total annual heating oil consumption (It)	0
Total annual heating natural gas consumption (m ³)	N/A

10.4. Fuel consumption for generator

Water consumption	
Total annual consumption (It)	5.256

10.5. Water consumption

Water consumption	
Total annual consumption (m ³)	44.238



11. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS & CARBON FOOTPRINT

Greenhouse gas emissions that were included in the carbon footprint calculation are the CO₂ emissions included in scope 1 & 2 of the GHG protocol:

- Scope 1: Direct GHG emissions that occur from sources that are owned and/or controlled by the airport,
- Scope 2: Indirect GHG emissions from the generation of purchased electricity, steam, heat or cooling consumed by the airport.

Source Flows	Total CO ₂ Emissions (t) 2021
Direct emissions form heating fuel (scope 1)	0,0
Direct emissions from fuel used for fleet vehicles (scope 1)	41,5
Direct emissions from fuel used for firefighting vehicles (scope 1)	18,4
Direct emissions from fuel used for generators (scope 1)	14,1
Indirect emissions from electricity consumption (scope 2)	5.436,9
Total (t)	5.510,9
Kg CO ₂ /passenger	1,64

Notes:

Fraport Greece B is committed to the monitoring, management and reduction of its airports carbon footprint. In order for this target to be achieved:

- Direct and indirect carbon emissions from all the emission sources in the airports' boundaries are calculated and reported, based on the GHG Protocol (scope 1 & 2)
- The airport was certified during the year 2020 according to ACA (Airport Carbon Accreditation)



12. HUMAN COMSUMPTION WATER MONITORING PROGRAM

Human consumption water quality		
Water supply (public water network or airport's boreholes)	Municipal Water & Sewage Company (DEYA) of Rodos	
Is sampling of the airport's water network performed?	YES	
(if YES) Sampling frequency:	Quarterly	
Summary of results: The results of the microbiological and chemical analyses show that the water of the airport's		

Summary of results: The results of the microbiological and chemical analyses show that the water of the airport's network <u>is non potable</u> due to high concentrations of chlorides. The rest of the parameters analyzed as regards the airport's water network are <u>within the legislative limits</u> defined by the Ministerial Decision $\Gamma1$ (δ)/ $\Gamma\Pi$ orc. 67322/ GG 3282 B/19-9-2017 regarding the quality of human consumption water.



13. RAINWATER

RAINWATER (collection, treatment disposal and recipient)		
Area Collection/treatment/disposal [YES		[YES/NO]
Apron and manoeuvring area	Collected in drainage ditches leading to the sea	YES
Other runoffs (runway etc.)	Collected in drainage ditches leading to the sea	YES
Treatment of rainwater by oil-separator		NO

Rainwater quality

Is sampling of the airport's rainwater performed? YES		
(if YES) Sampling frequency: Yearly		
Parameters analyzed: pH, conductivity,TSS, DO, NO ₃ , NO ₂ , Oil & grease, BOD, COD, Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH), PAHs, BTEX, Heavy metals,PCBs, Detergents		
Summary of results:		
Surface rainwater quality is monitored according to the airport's monitoring program. Due to technical difficulties, it was not possible to sample the rainwater during the reference year.		



YES According to the

14. GROUNDWATER AND/OR SOIL AND/OR SOIL GAS MONITORING

Groundwater and/or soil and/or soil gas quality

Is sampling of the airport's groundwater and/or soil and/or soil gas performed?

(if YES) Sampling frequency:

Parameters analyzed: TPH, BTEX, MTBE (groundwater) and Volatile hydrocarbons, aliphatic, aromatic and chlorinated (soil gas)

Summary of results:

Groundwater quality is monitored according to the airport's monitoring program. In addition, the fuel handling companies monitor the quality of groundwater according to the environmental terms. According to the environmental monitoring reports of the fuel handlers, and based on the New Dutch List (20013) which is adopted in the absence of relevant national specifications/limits, the environmental condition of the ground water & soil gas is found adequate and no decontamination measures are necessary, except from the area of former EXXON Mobil identified from the 2017 Environmental Baseline Study, which was under remediation during the reference year. Regarding soil gas the Directive of the Munich Environmental Protection Department in force by 10.02.1998, which is the most widely accepted, is adopted as a basis for comparison.



15. SEWAGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL

S	ev	/a	g	е
			-	

Sewage network to the municipal waste water treatment plant (WWTP)	NO
Autonomous airport's waste water treatment plant (WWTP)	YES*

Blue water

Collection and disposal:

Collection in a tank on the site of the WWTP and disposal within the WWTP of the airport for further treatment.

Waste water treatment plant description (where applicable) Description of characteristics and condition of the airport's WWTP including possible problems. Type and frequency of the effluent quality measurements.		
Degree of treatment of airport's WWTP	Secondary treatment & chlorination	
Treatment method	Prolonged ventilation	
Disposal of treated wastewater	WWTP of Municipal Water & Sewage Company (DEYA) of Rodos	
Sludge disposal	Sanitary Landfill	
Sampling frequency of WWTP effluent	Monthly	
Parameters analyzed	BOD, COD, SS, TN, TP, T. Coliforms, E.Coli, pH, Residual Cl ₂	
Summary of quality of WWTP effluent	The WWTP effluent quality is within the limits set out in JMD 5673/400/1997	

*Airport sewage is collected through a sewage network and treated at the airport's WWTP. The airport's WWTP effluent is directed to the municipal WWTP of Rodos.